# Self-evaluation in the context of innovation

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#### SICI WORKSHOP "Inspecting the Future"

**5th – 7th June 2013 Bratislava, Slovak Republic** Falkensteiner Hotel Bratislava

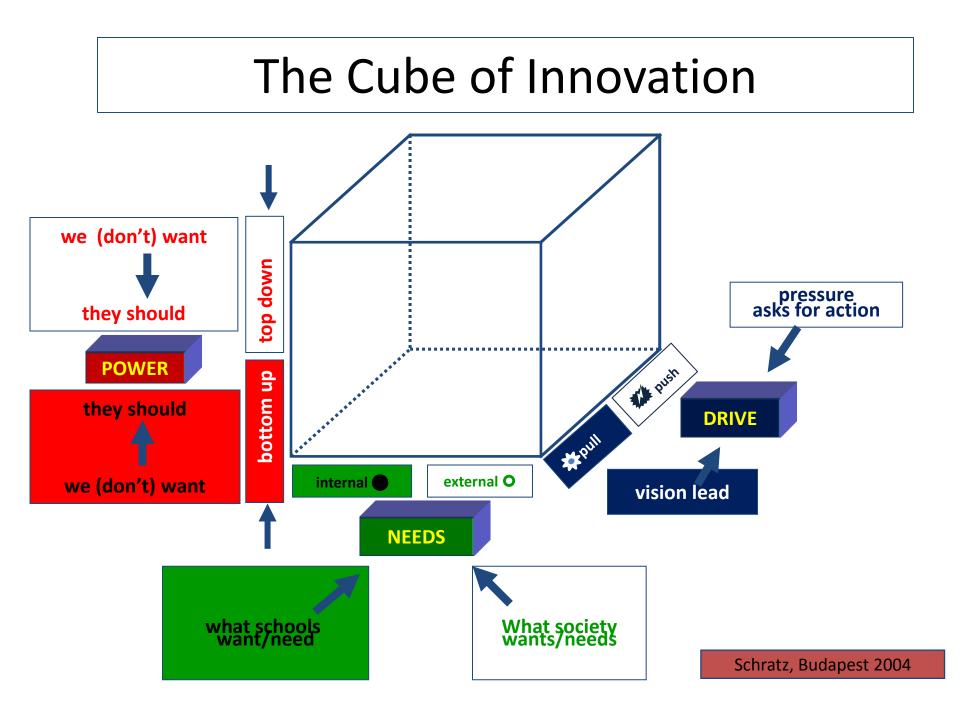
### Goals of the contribution

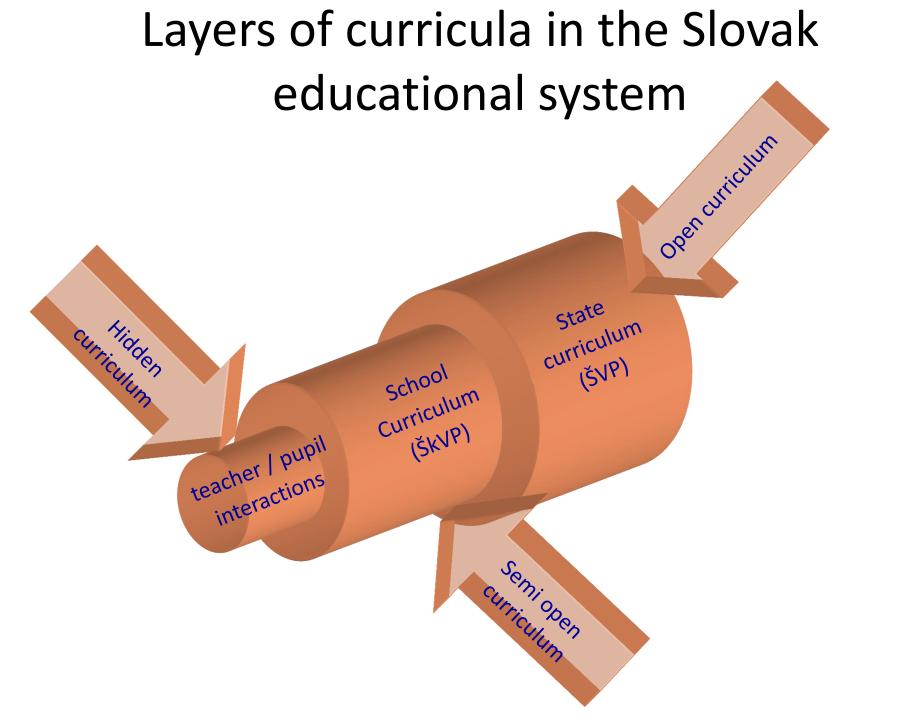
- 1. To reflect the conference's aim: *"To examine possible relationships between innovation in schools and inspection"*
- To present the model of school's selfevaluation as a perspective of growth and the role of School inspection in it

## Elements in education

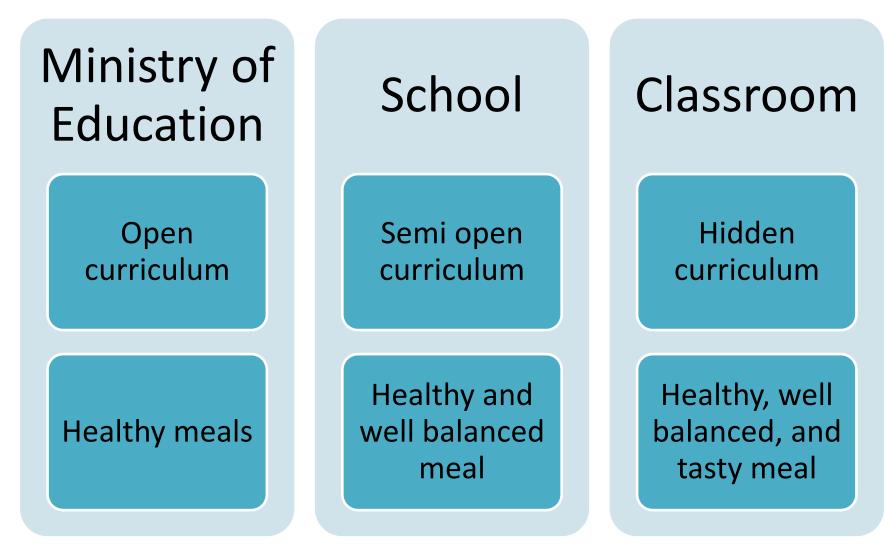
- educational system (e.g. *McKinsey*)
  - equal opportunity versus reproduction of inequality, the system works both ways
  - quality of the teacher
- school (Donaldson jr.)
  - culture
  - organizational qualities
  - quality of teaching
- classroom (Marzano)
  - everything works, but what works better?

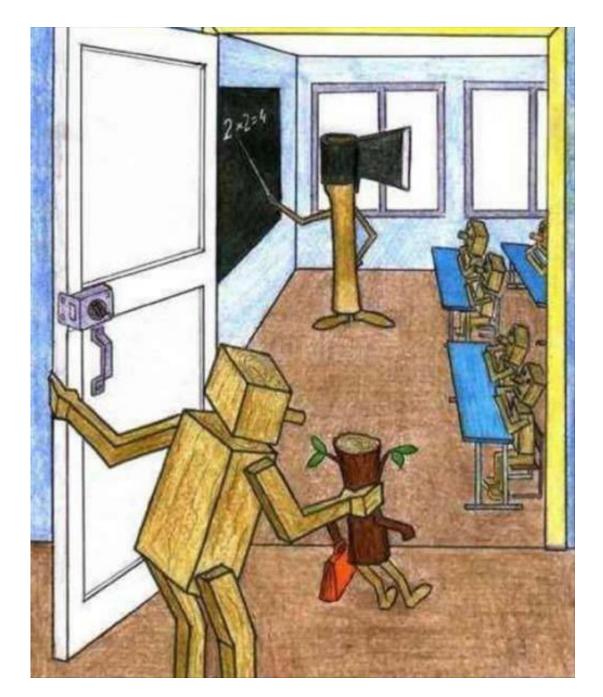
McKinsey & Company (2010): How the world's most improved school systems keep getting better Donaldson, Gordon A., Jr. (2006): Cultivating leadership in schools : connecting people, purpose, & practice Marzano, R. (2005): School Leadership that Works





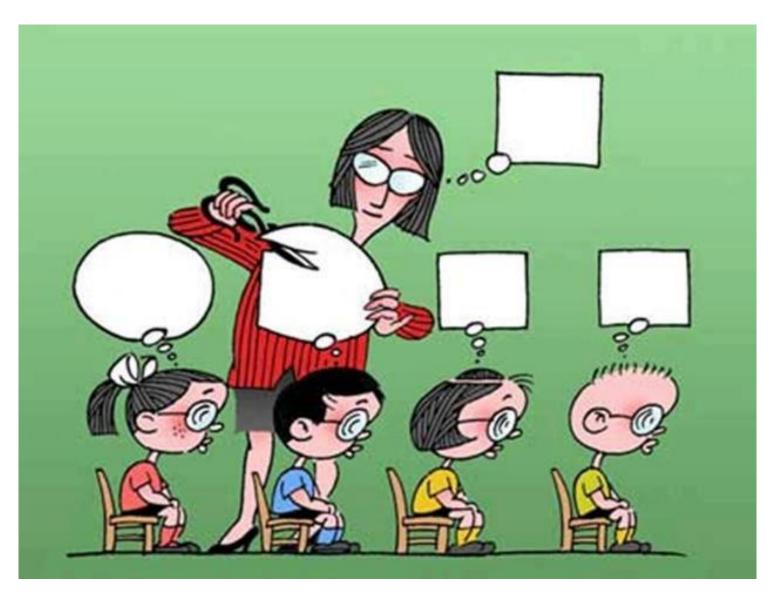
#### Current state



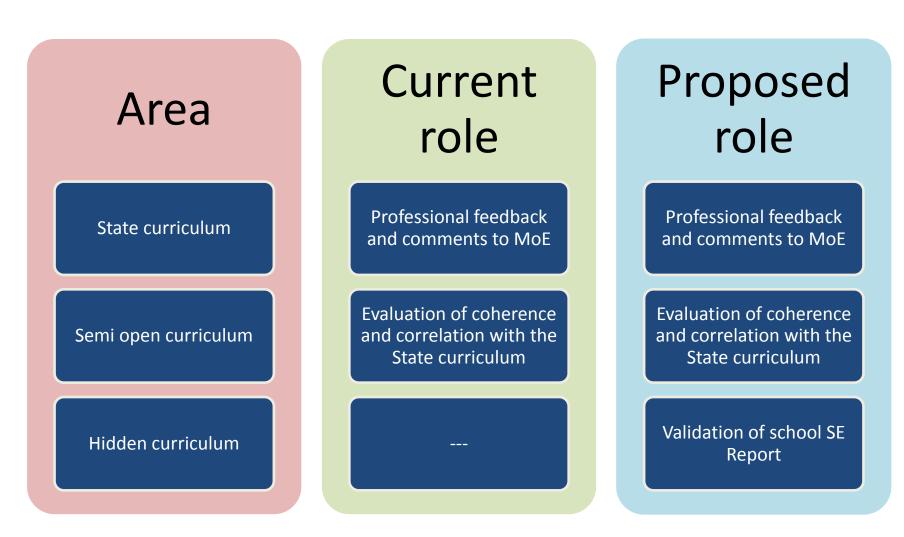


# Hidden curriculum 1

#### Hidden curriculum 2



#### Involvement of SSI



#### Reasons for SE

- The final result of this process did not provide a definitive statement or hard evidence but served as a 'door opener' for further systematic search for evidence in some specific areas.
- The self-evaluation is not a final step itself, but only the beginning of a process. It manages to achieve an opening-up for discussion, often in a way that had never been experienced before. It provides a forum in which headteachers, teachers, pupils and parents can express their views on an equal footing, 'leaving their position and status at the door'.

#### **SELF – EVALUATION PROFILE (SEP)**

Area	Evaluation Scale: ++ very positive, + mostly positive - mostly negatíve, very negatíve			Trend				
	++	+	-			$\leftrightarrow$	▼	
Outcomes			-					
Academic achievement								
Personal and social development								
Student destinations								
Process at classroom level								
Time as a resource for learning								
Quality of learning and teaching								
Support for learning difficulties								
Process at school level								
School as a learning place								
School as a social place								
School as a professional place								
Environment								
School and home								
School and community								
School and work								

Based on MacBeath, Schratz, Meuret and Jakobsen (2003) : Self-evaluation in European Schools

### Self – evaluation profile

The purpose of the SEP is to:

- Create a picture of school quality and effectiveness made by staff, pupils and parents
- Proceed to further investigation by consideration of the evidence
- Invite to open and serious discussion among all stakeholders

# Model of schools' SE

The twelve areas are grouped in four domains:

- Outcomes
- Process at the classroom level
- Process at the school level
- Relations with the environment

#### Domains and areas of SE

Outcomes	Processes at the classroom level	Processes at the school level	Relations with the environment
Academic achievement	Time as a resource for learning	School as a learning place	School and home
Personal and social development	Quality of learning and teaching	School as a social place	School and community
Pupil destinations	Support for learning difficulties	School as a professional place	School and pupil destinations

Based on MacBeath, Schratz, Meuret and Jakobsen (2003) : Self-evaluation in European Schools

#### **Quality - care strategies**

developing strategies



Internal

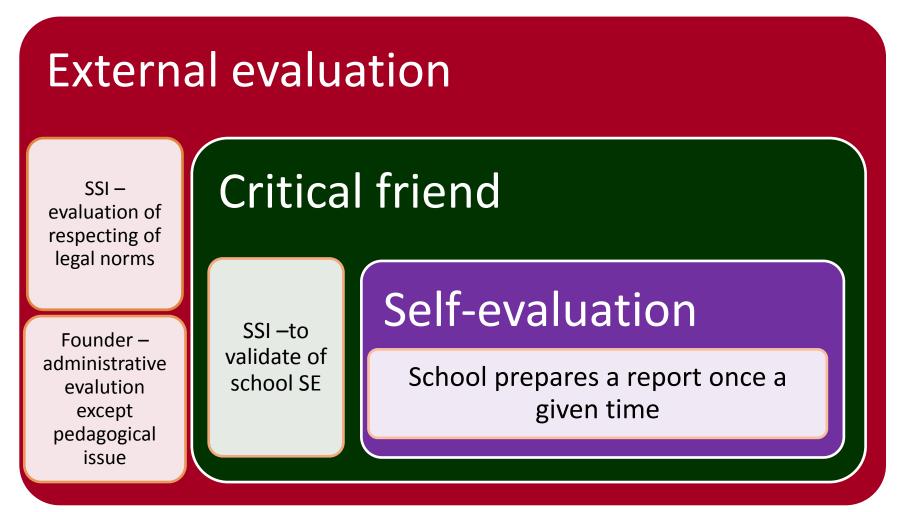
impulse

defensive strategies

# Main bases of the proposed model of the SE validation

- Sensitivity for schools' culture and values
- Respect for schools' aims and priorities
- Self-evaluation as a development perspective
- Knowledge that the quality of the educational service is created locally at schools
- Self-evaluation based on verified data
- Perception of a school as a continuously improving learning community ("the trend is important, not the contemporary state")
- Maintaining of the balance between the external evaluation and the self-evaluation

Scheme of relations of the external evaluation and the selfevaluation with the definition of functions of individual players



#### A new competences are required...

If school inspectors are going to be active in validation and using data, they must become "data-literate". Data literate inspector:

- 1. Thinks About Purpose(s)
- 2. Recognizes Sound and Unsound Data
- 3. Is Knowledgeable about Statistical and Measurement Concepts
- 4. Makes Interpretation Paramount
- 5. Pays Attention to Reporting and to Audiences

Finally, I would like to thank:

- the numerous colleagues and friend from schools and Slovak State School Inspections for a fruitful cooperation, valuable feedback and recommendations.
- Andrej Opálený, Mária Škodová, Mária Uhereková, and Juraj Vantuch, members of team of experts,
- a very special thanks to Vladislav Rosa, leader of the team.

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Thanks for your attention. milos.novak@mpc-edu.sk